## Ocean Energy Bureau, Interior

- (v) Any additional components required by the Regional Supervisor.
- (2) Seal all bypass valves of gas royalty and allocation meters.
- (3) Number and track the seals and keep the records at the field location for at least 2 years; and
- (4) Make the records of seals available for MMS inspection.

## **Subpart M—Unitization**

SOURCE: 62 FR 5331, Feb. 5, 1997, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 63 FR 29479, May 29, 1998.

## § 250.1300 What is the purpose of this subpart?

This subpart explains how Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) leases are unitized. If you are an OCS lessee, use the regulations in this subpart for both competitive reservoir and unitization situations. The purpose of joint development and unitization is to:

- (a) Conserve natural resources;
- (b) Prevent waste: and/or
- (c) Protect correlative rights, including Federal royalty interests.

## § 250.1301 What are the requirements for unitization?

- (a) Voluntary unitization. You and other OCS lessees may ask the Regional Supervisor to approve a request for voluntary unitization. The Regional Supervisor may approve the request for voluntary unitization if unitized operations:
- (1) Promote and expedite exploration and development; or
- (2) Prevent waste, conserve natural resources, or protect correlative rights, including Federal royalty interests, of a reasonably delineated and productive reservoir.
- (b) Compulsory unitization. The Regional Supervisor may require you and other lessees to unitize operations of a reasonably delineated and productive reservoir if unitized operations are necessary to:
  - (1) Prevent waste;
  - (2) Conserve natural resources; or
- (3) Protect correlative rights, including Federal royalty interests.
- (c) *Unit area*. The area that a unit includes is the minimum number of leases that will allow the lessees to

minimize the number of platforms, facility installations, and wells necessary for efficient exploration, development, and production of mineral deposits, oil and gas reservoirs, or potential hydrocarbon accumulations common to two or more leases. A unit may include whole leases or portions of leases.

- (d) Unit agreement. You, the other lessees, and the unit operator must enter into a unit agreement. The unit agreement must: allocate benefits to unitized leases, designate a unit operator, and specify the effective date of the unit agreement. The unit agreement must terminate when: the unit no longer produces unitized substances, and the unit operator no longer conducts drilling or well-workover operations (§250.180) under the unit agreement, unless the Regional Supervisor orders or approves a suspension of production under §250.170.
- (e) Unit operating agreement. The unit operator and the owners of working interests in the unitized leases must enter into a unit operating agreement. The unit operating agreement must describe how all the unit participants will apportion all costs and liabilities incurred maintaining or conducting operations. When a unit involves one or more net-profit-share leases, the unit operating agreement must describe how to attribute costs and credits to the net-profit-share lease(s), and this part of the agreement must be approved by the Regional Supervisor. Otherwise, you must provide a copy of the unit operating agreement to the Regional Supervisor, but the Regional Supervisor does not need to approve the unit operating agreement.
- (f) Extension of a lease covered by unit operations. If your unit agreement expires or terminates, or the unit area adjusts so that no part of your lease remains within the unit boundaries, your lease expires unless:
  - (1) Its initial term has not expired;
- (2) You conduct drilling, production, or well-reworking operations on your lease consistent with applicable regulations; or
- (3) MMS orders or approves a suspension of production or operations for your lease.